- 1 HB703
- 2 71008-2
- 3 By Representatives Hall (L), Jackson, Major, Mitchell,

4 Robinson (O), Dunn and Rogers

- 5 RFD: Judiciary
- 6 First Read: 31-MAR-05

1	71008-2:n:03/29/2005:JRC/tnh LRS2005-288R1
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8	SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, the possession and use
9	of marijuana is a criminal act.
10	This bill would authorize the medical use of
11	marijuana only for certain qualifying patients who
12	have been diagnosed by a physician as having a
13	debilitating medical condition.
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15	A BILL
16	TO BE ENTITLED
17	AN ACT
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19	To authorize the medical use of marijuana only for
20	certain qualifying patients who have been diagnosed by a
21	physician as having a debilitating medical condition.
22	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
23	Section 1. The Legislature hereby finds that state
24	law should make a distinction between the medical and
25	non-medical use of marijuana. Hence, the purpose of this act
26	is to ensure that physicians are not penalized for discussing
27	marijuana as a treatment option with their patients, and

seriously ill people who engage in the medical use of
 marijuana upon their physicians' advice are not arrested and
 incarcerated for using marijuana for medical purposes.

Section 2. As used in this act, the following terms
shall have the following meanings:

6 (1) ADEQUATE SUPPLY. An amount of marijuana 7 collectively possessed between the qualifying patient and the 8 qualifying patient's primary caregivers that is not more than 9 is reasonably necessary to ensure the uninterrupted 10 availability of marijuana for the purpose of alleviating the 11 symptoms or effects of a qualifying patient's debilitating 12 medical condition.

(2) ATTENDING PHYSICIAN. An individual who possesses 13 14 a certificate of qualification issued in his or her behalf by 15 the State Board of Medical Examiners and a license and certificate of registration from the board and who has taken 16 responsibility for an aspect of the medical care, treatment, 17 diagnosis, counseling, or referral of a patient and who has 18 conducted a medical examination of that patient before 19 recording in the patient's medical record the physician's 20 assessment of whether the patient has a serious medical 21 condition and whether the medical use of marijuana is 22 23 appropriate.

24 (3) DEBILITATING MEDICAL CONDITION. Any of the25 following medical conditions:

26 a. Cancer.

b. Glaucoma.

c. Multiple sclerosis. 1 d. Chronic arthritis. 2 e. Cachexia. 3 4 f. Chronic pain. g. Fibromyalgia. 5 h. Migraine. 6 7 i. Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) or Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV). 8 9 j. Anorexia. k. Seizures, including, but not limited to, seizures 10 associated with epilepsy. 11 12 1. Severe nausea. m. Any other chronic or persistent medical symptom 13 14 that either substantially limits the ability of the person to 15 conduct one or more major life activities as defined in the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-336) 16 or if not alleviated, may cause serious harm to the patient's 17 safety or physical or mental health. 18 (4) DEPARTMENT. The Alabama Department of Public 19 20 Health. (5) MARIJUANA. The same definition as provided in 21 Section 20-2-23, Code of Alabama 1975. 22 23 (6) MEDICAL USE. The acquisition, possession, 24 cultivation, use, transfer, or transportation of marijuana or paraphernalia relating to the administration of marijuana to 25 26 alleviate the symptoms or effects of a qualifying patient's debilitating medical condition. For the purposes of this act, 27

the term transfer is limited to the transfer of marijuana and paraphernalia between primary caregivers and qualifying patients.

4 (7) PRIMARY CAREGIVER. An individual who is at least
5 18 years of age, unless he or she is the parent of a minor
6 child who is a qualified patient or a person with a registry
7 identification card or is a person otherwise entitled to make
8 medical decisions under state law.

9 (8) QUALIFIED PATIENT. A person who is entitled to 10 the protections of this act, but who does not have a registry 11 identification card issued pursuant to this act.

(9) QUALIFYING PATIENT. A person who has been
diagnosed by a physician as having a debilitating medical
condition.

(10) REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD. A document issued
by the department that identifies a person authorized to
engage in the medical use of marijuana and the person's
designated primary caregiver, if any.

19 (11) WRITTEN RECOMMENDATION. The gualifying 20 patient's medical records or a statement signed by a physician, stating that in the physician's professional 21 22 opinion, after having completed a full assessment of the 23 qualifying patient's medical history and current medical 24 condition made in the course of a bona fide physician-patient relationship, the qualifying patient has a debilitating 25 26 medical condition and the potential benefits of the medical

use of marijuana would likely outweigh the health risks for
 the qualifying patient.

3 Section 3. (a) The authorization for the medical use
4 of marijuana in this act shall not apply to any of the
5 following:

6 (1) The medical use of marijuana that endangers the 7 health or well-being of another person, such as driving or 8 operating heavy machinery while under the influence of 9 marijuana.

10 (2) The smoking of marijuana at or in any of the11 following:

a. In a school bus, public bus, or other publicvehicle.

14 b. In the workplace of one's employment.

15 c. On any school grounds.

16 d. At any public park, public beach, public17 recreation center, or youth center.

e. The use of marijuana by a qualifying patient,
primary caregiver, or any other person for purposes other than
medical use permitted by this act.

(b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary,
fraudulent representation to a law enforcement official of any
fact or circumstance relating to the medical use of marijuana
to avoid arrest or prosecution shall be a Class C misdemeanor.
This penalty shall be in addition to any other penalties that
may apply for the non-medical use of marijuana.

Section 4. (a) A qualifying patient who has in his or her possession a written recommendation or his or her registry identification card shall not be subject to arrest, prosecution, or penalty in any manner for the medical use of marijuana, provided the quantity of marijuana does not exceed an adequate supply.

7 (b) Subsection (a) shall not apply to a qualifying
8 patient under the age of 18 years, unless all of the following
9 occur:

10 (1) The qualifying patient's physician has explained
11 the potential risks and benefits of the medical use of
12 marijuana to the qualifying patient and to a parent, guardian,
13 or person having legal custody of the qualifying patient.

(2) A parent, guardian, or person having legal
custody consents in writing to allow the qualifying patient's
medical use of marijuana, serve as the qualifying patient's
primary caregiver, and control the acquisition of the
marijuana, the dosage, and the frequency of the medical use of
marijuana by the qualifying patient.

(c) When the acquisition, possession, cultivation,
transportation, or administration of marijuana by a qualifying
patient is not practicable, the legal protections established
by this act for a qualifying patient shall extend to the
qualifying patient's primary caregivers, provided that the
primary caregivers' actions are necessary for the qualifying
patient's medical use of marijuana.

(d) A physician shall not be subject to arrest or
 prosecution, penalized in any manner, or denied any right or
 privilege for providing a written recommendation for the
 medical use of marijuana to qualifying patients.

(e) Any property interest that is possessed, owned, 5 or used in connection with the medical use of marijuana, or 6 7 acts incidental to such use, shall not be harmed, neglected, injured, or destroyed while in the possession of state or 8 local law enforcement officials. Any such property interest 9 shall not be forfeited under any provision of state or local 10 law providing for the forfeiture of property other than as a 11 12 sentence imposed after conviction of a criminal offense or 13 entry of a plea of guilty to a criminal offense.

(f) No person shall be subject to arrest or
prosecution for constructive possession, conspiracy, or any
other offense for simply being in the presence or vicinity of
the medical use of marijuana as permitted under this act.

18 Section 5. A person and a person's primary 19 caregivers may assert the medical use of marijuana as a 20 defense to any prosecution involving marijuana, and such 21 defense shall be presumed valid where the evidence shows that 22 the following occur:

(1) The person's medical records indicate, or a
physician has stated that, in the physician's professional
opinion, after having completed a full assessment of the
person's medical history and current medical condition made in
the course of a bona fide physician-patient relationship, the

potential benefits of the medical use of marijuana would
 likely outweigh the health risks for the person.

3 (2) The person and the person's primary caregivers
4 were collectively in possession of a quantity of marijuana
5 that was not more than was reasonably necessary to ensure the
6 uninterrupted availability of marijuana for the purpose of
7 alleviating the symptoms or effects of the person's medical
8 condition.

9 Section 6. (a) As used in this section, registry 10 identification card means a document issued by the department 11 that identifies a person as a qualifying patient or primary 12 caregiver.

(b) A qualifying patient or primary caregiver shall
qualify for the legal protections of Section 4 only if the
qualifying patient or primary caregiver is in possession of a
registry identification card.

(c) Not later than 90 days after the effective date of this act, the department shall promulgate regulations governing the manner in which it will consider applications for registry identification cards, and for renewing registry identification cards, for qualifying patients and primary caregivers.

(d) The department shall issue registry
identification cards to qualifying patients, and to qualifying
patients' primary caregivers, if any, who submit all of the
following, in accordance with the department's regulations:

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(1) A written certification that the person is a
 qualifying patient.

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(2) The written recommendation.

4 (3) A registration fee, not to exceed twenty five
5 dollars (\$25) per qualifying patient.

6 (4) The name, address, and date of birth of the7 qualifying patient.

8 (5) The name, address, and telephone number of the9 qualifying patient's physician.

10 (6) The name, address, and date of birth of the
11 qualifying patient's primary caregivers, if the qualifying
12 patient has designated any primary caregivers at the time of
13 application.

14 (e) The department shall verify the information contained in an application submitted pursuant to this 15 section, and shall approve or deny an application within 30 16 days of receipt of the application. The department may deny an 17 application only if the applicant did not provide the 18 information required pursuant to this section, or if the 19 department determines that the information provided was 20 falsified. Any person whose application has been denied may 21 not reapply for six months from the date of the denial, unless 22 23 so authorized by the department or a court of competent 24 jurisdiction.

(f) The department shall issue registry
identification cards within 10 days of approving an
application, which shall expire one year after the date of

issuance. Registry identification cards shall contain all of
 the following information:

3 (1) The name, address, and date of birth of the4 qualifying patient and primary caregivers, if any.

5 (2) The date of issuance and expiration date of the6 registry identification card.

7 (3) Any other information that the department may8 specify in its regulations.

9 (g) A person who possesses a registry identification 10 card shall notify the department of any change in the person's 11 name, address, qualifying patient's physician, qualifying 12 patient's primary caregiver, or change in status of the 13 qualifying patient's debilitating medical condition within 10 14 days of such change, or the registry identification card shall 15 be deemed null and void.

(h) Possession of, or application for, a registry
identification card shall not alone constitute probable cause
to search the person or property of the person possessing or
applying for the card, or otherwise subject the person or
property of the person possessing the card to inspection by
any governmental agency.

(i) The department shall maintain a confidential
list of the persons to whom the department has issued registry
identification cards. Individual names on the list shall be
confidential and not subject to disclosure, except to
authorized employees of the department as necessary to perform
official duties of the department or authorized employees of

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state or local law enforcement agencies, only for the purpose of verifying that a person who is engaged in the suspected or alleged medical use of marijuana is lawfully in possession of a registry identification card.

5 Section 7. The provisions of this act shall not be 6 construed or interpreted to allow a primary caregiver to use 7 marijuana for his or her personal use or to allow a qualifying 8 patient, primary caregiver, or any other person to sell 9 marijuana. Any such person convicted of selling marijuana 10 shall not be permitted to be a qualifying patient or primary 11 caregiver under the protection of the provisions of this act.

Section 8. The provisions of this act are severable.
If any part of this act is declared invalid or
unconstitutional, that declaration shall not affect the part
which remains.

Section 9. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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